§483.40

swallowing, recurrent lung aspirations, and tube or parenteral/IV feedings.

- (iii) The facility must base resident selection on the charge nurse's assessment and the resident's latest assessment and plan of care.
- (i) Sanitary conditions. The facility must—
- (1) Procure food from sources approved or considered satisfactory by Federal, State, or local authorities;
- (2) Store, prepare, distribute, and serve food under sanitary conditions; and
- (3) Dispose of garbage and refuse properly.

[56 FR 48874, Sept. 26, 1991, as amended at 68 FR 55539, Sept. 26, 2003]

§483.40 Physician services.

A physician must personally approve in writing a recommendation that an individual be admitted to a facility. Each resident must remain under the care of a physician.

- (a) Physician supervision. The facility must ensure that—
- (1) The medical care of each resident is supervised by a physician; and
- (2) Another physician supervises the medical care of residents when their attending physician is unavailable.
- (b) Physician visits. The physician must—
- (1) Review the resident's total program of care, including medications and treatments, at each visit required by paragraph (c) of this section;
- (2) Write, sign, and date progress notes at each visit; and
- (3) Sign and date all orders with the exception of influenza and pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccines, which may be administered per physician-approved facility policy after an assessment for contraindications.
- (c) Frequency of physician visits. (1) The resident must be seen by a physician at least once every 30 days for the first 90 days after admission, and at least once every 60 days thereafter.
- (2) A physician visit is considered timely if it occurs not later than 10 days after the date the visit was required.
- (3) Except as provided in paragraphs (c)(4) and (f) of this section, all required physician visits must be made by the physician personally.

- (4) At the option of the physician, required visits in SNFs after the initial visit may alternate between personal visits by the physician and visits by a physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist in accordance with paragraph (e) of this section.
- (d) Availability of physicians for emergency care. The facility must provide or arrange for the provision of physician services 24 hours a day, in case of an emergency.
- (e) Physician delegation of tasks in SNFs. (1) Except as specified in paragraph (e)(2) of this section, a physician may delegate tasks to a physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist who—
- (i) Meets the applicable definition in §491.2 of this chapter or, in the case of a clinical nurse specialist, is licensed as such by the State;
- (ii) Is acting within the scope of practice as defined by State law; and
- (iii) Is under the supervision of the physician.
- (2) A physician may not delegate a task when the regulations specify that the physician must perform it personally, or when the delegation is prohibited under State law or by the facility's own policies.
- (f) Performance of physician tasks in NFs. At the option of the State, any required physician task in a NF (including tasks which the regulations specify must be performed personally by the physician) may also be satisfied when performed by a nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or physician assistant who is not an employee of the facility but who is working in collaboration with a physician.

[56 FR 48875, Sept. 26, 1991, as amended at 67 FR 61814, Oct. 2, 2002]

§ 483.45 Specialized rehabilitative

- (a) Provision of services. If specialized rehabilitative services such as but not limited to physical therapy, speech-language pathology, occupational therapy, and mental health rehabilitative services for mental illness and mental retardation, are required in the resident's comprehensive plan of care, the facility must—
 - (1) Provide the required services; or